CONNECTION PROTECTION	
Same Mana	
FLORIDA	

PERCHLOROETHYLENE DRY CLEANERS



## COMPLIANCE INSPECTION CHECKLIST

INSPECTION TYPE: ANNUAL (INS1, INS2) RE-INSPECTION (FUI)	COMPLAINT/DISCOVER ARMS COMPLAINT NO:	Y (CI)
AIRS ID#: 0250807 DATE: <u>8/30/2010</u>	ARRIVE: <u>1:45PM</u>	DEPART: <u>2:10PM</u>
FACILITY NAME: FIVE POINTS		
FACILITY LOCATION: 1101 SW 22ND ST		
MIAMI 33129-2715		
OWNER/AUTHORIZED REPRESENTATIVE: ANGE Email: CONTACT NAME: RAFAEL OCHOA Email: ENTITLEMENT PERIOD: 12/15/2008 / 12/15/2013 (effective date) (end date)	Mobile: PHONE: Mobile:	: (786)235-0795 : (305)856-0501
·		
PART I: INSPECTION COMPLIANCE STATUS (che         IN COMPLIANCE         IN COMPLIANCE		T Non-COMPLIANCE
(check $\blacksquare$ only one box in A)A. 1. Existing small area sourcedry-to-dry only, x < 140 gal/yrtransfer only, x < 200 gal/yr	<ul> <li>213.300 FAC</li> <li>2. <u>New small area source</u> dry-to-dry only, x &lt; 140 transfer only, x &lt; 200 ga</li> </ul>	) gal/yr al/yr
both types, $x < 140$ gal/yr (constructed before 12/9/91) <b>3. Existing large area source</b> dry-to-dry only, $140 \le x \le 2,100$ gal/yr transfer only, $200 \le x \le 1,800$ gal/yr both types, $140 \le x \le 1,800$ gal/yr (constructed before 12/9/91) <b>5. Ineligible for General Permit</b> d rop store/out of business/petroleum / facility exceeds above limits	both types, $x < 140$ gal/y (constructed on or after 1) <b>4. New large area source</b> dry-to-dry only, $140 \le$ transfer only, $200 \le x \le$ both types, $140 \le x \le$ (constructed on or after 1)	12/9/91) ∑ x ≤ 2,100 gal/yr ≤ 1,800 gal/yr 1,800 gal/yr

**B**. The sum of the volume of all perchloroethylene (perc) purchases made in each of the previous 12 months by this dry cleaning facility was 231.60 gallons.

PA	RT III: <u>GENERAL CONTROL REQUIREMENTS</u> – Rule 62-213.300 FAC		````	check ☑ x for each c	only one question)
1. ]	Is all perc, and wastes containing perc, in tightly sealed & impervious containers?	$\boxtimes$	Yes	🗌 No	N/A
2. 4	Are all perc. containers leak free ?	$\boxtimes$	Yes	🗌 No	N/A
3. 4	Are all machine doors kept closed and secured except during loading/unloading?	$\boxtimes$	Yes	🗌 No	
	Are cartridge filters d rained in their housing or in sealed containers for at least 24 hours prior to disposal?	$\boxtimes$	Yes	🗌 No	N/A
	Has each dry cleaning system installed after December 21, 2005 at an area source, routed the air-PCE gas-vapor stream contained within each dry cleaning machine through a refrigerated condenser and passed the air-PCE gas-vapor stream from inside the dry cleaning machine drum through a non-vented carbon adsorber or equivalent control device immediately before the door of the dry cleaning machine is opened? The carbon adsorber must be desorbed in accordance with manufacturer's instructions.		Yes	□ No	N/A
	Is solvent-to-carbon ratios and steam pressure for carbon adsorber beds maintain according to the manufacturer's specifications?		Yes	□ No	N/A

## PART IV: PROCESS VENT CONTROLS – Rule 62-213.300 FAC

(Refer to Part II-A.1.-4. Classification: page <u>1</u> of <u>4</u>, this form)

1. If the f acility classification is an existing small area source, no controls are required. Proceed to Part V.

2. If the facility classification is a <u>new small area source</u>, the machine should be equipped with a refrigerated condenser. Complete section A. below.

3. If the fa cility classification is an **existing large area source**, the machine should be equipped with either a refrigerated condenser or a carbon adsorber . **Complete both sections A and B below.** *Carbon adsorber must have been installed prior to September 22, 1993* 

4. If the facility classification is a <u>new large area source</u>, the machine should be equipped with a refrigerated condenser. Complete both sections A and B below.

A.	Has the responsible official of all existing large area & new sources:		`	check ☑ x for each c	only one (uestion)
1.	Equipped all machines with the appropriate vent controls?	$\boxtimes$	Yes	🗌 No	
2.	Equipped dry-to-dry machines with a closed-loop vapor venting system?	$\boxtimes$	Yes	🗌 No	N/A
	Equipped the condenser with a diverter valve so airflow will be directed away from the condenser upon opening the door?	$\square$	Yes	🗌 No	N/A
	Measured and recorded the temperature of the outlet exhaust stream of a refrigerated condenser on a weekly basis?	$\boxtimes$	Yes	🗌 No	N/A
	Repaired or adjusted the equipment within 24 hours if the exhaust temperature of the condenser exceeded $45^{\circ}$ F?		Yes	🗌 No	N/A
6.	Conducted all temperature monitoring after an appropriate cool-down period and after verifying that the coolant had been completely charged?	$\square$	Yes	🗌 No	

PART IV: PROCESS VENT CONTROLS – Rule 62-213.300 FAC (continued)					
For all existing large or new large area sources: Is the exhaust temperature on the outlet side of the condenser located on dry-to-dry.					
reclaimer, and dryer machines measured and recorded on a weekly basis?	$\boxtimes$	Yes	🗌 No	I	
Is the washer exhaus t temperature at the condenser inlet and outlet measured and recorded weekly?		Yes	□ Nc		N/A
a) Is the temperature differential equal to, or greater than 20° F?		Yes	_		N/A
Is the perc concentration in the exhaust stream inlet and outlet measured weekly at the and of the final drying cycle while the machine is venting to the adsorber					
if machines are equipped exclusively with a carbon adsorber?		Yes	🗌 No		N/A
a) Is the perc concentration equal to, or less than 100 ppm?		Yes	🗌 No		N/A
Is the sampling port on the carbon adsorber exhaust for measuring					
contraction, or expansion; and downstream from no other inlet?		Yes	🗌 No		N/A
Are transfer machines equipped (dryers, reclaimers, and washers) with individual condenser coils?		Yes	□ Nc		N/A
		1.00		لانسكا	1,,11
Is airflow routed to the carbon adsorber (if used) at all times?		Yes	🗌 No		N/A
	For all existing large or new large area sources: Is the exhaust temperature on the outlet side of the condenser located on dry-to-dry, reclaimer, and dryer machines measured and recorded on a weekly basis? Is the washer exhaus t temperature at the condenser inlet and outlet measured and recorded weekly? a) Is the temperature differential equal to, or greater than 20° F? F?	For all existing large or new large area sources:         Is the exhaust temperature on the outlet side of the condenser located on dry-to-dry, reclaimer, and dryer machines measured and recorded on a weekly basis?         Is the washer exhaus t temperature at the condenser inlet and outlet measured and recorded weekly?         a) Is the temperature differential equal to, or greater than 20° F?         Is the perc concentration in the exhaust stream inlet and outlet measured weekly at the end of the final drying cycle while the machine is venting to the adsorber, if machines are equipped exclusively with a carbon adsorber?         a) Is the perc concentration equal to, or less than 100 ppm?         a) Is the sampling port on the carbon adsorber exhaust for measuring perc concentrations at least 8 duct diameters downstream of any bend, contraction, or expansion; is at least 2 duct diameters upstream from any bend, contraction, or expansion; and downstream from no other inlet?         Are transfer machines equipped (dryers, reclaimers, and washers) with individual condenser coils?	For all existing large or new large area sources:         Is the exhaust temperature on the outlet side of the condenser located on dry-to-dry,         reclaimer, and dryer machines measured and recorded on a weekly basis?         Is the washer exhaust temperature at the condenser inlet and outlet measured         and recorded weekly?         a) Is the temperature differential equal to, or greater than 20° F?         Is the perc concentration in the exhaust stream inlet and outlet measured weekly         at the end of the final drying cycle while the machine is venting to the adsorber,         if machines are equipped exclusively with a carbon adsorber?         Is the sampling port on the carbon adsorber exhaust for measuring         perc concentrations at least 8 duct diameters downstream from any bend,         contraction, or expansion; is at least 2 duct diameters upstream from any bend,         contraction, or expansion; and downstream from no other inlet?         Yes         Are transfer machines equipped (dryers, reclaimers, and washers) with individual         condenser coils?	For all existing large or new large area sources:         Is the exhaust temperature on the outlet side of the condenser located on dry-to-dry,         reclaimer, and dryer machines measured and recorded on a weekly basis?         Is the washer exhaust temperature at the condenser inlet and outlet measured         and recorded weekly?	For all existing large or new large area sources:         Is the exhaust temperature on the outlet side of the condenser located on dry-to-dry, reclaimer, and dryer machines measured and recorded on a weekly basis?       Yes         Is the washer exhaus t temperature at the condenser inlet and outlet measured and recorded weekly?       Yes       No         a) Is the temperature differential equal to, or greater than 20°       F?

PA	RT V: <u>RECORDKEEPING REQUIREMENTS</u> – Rule 62-213.300(3) FAC			check 🗹	only one [uestion)
1.	Are receipts maintained for all perc purchased?	$\boxtimes$	Yes	🗌 No	
2.	Are rolling monthly total s of yearly perc consumption maintained ?	$\boxtimes$	Yes	🗌 No	
3.	Are leak detection inspection and repair reports maintained for the following:				
	a) Of any leaks repaired w/in 24 hrs? or;		Yes	🗌 No	N/A
	b) Of any parts ordered to repair leak and leak repaired w/in 2 days and parts installed w/in 5 days of receipt?		Yes	🗌 No	N/A
4.	Is calibration data maintained for applicable direct reading instruments?		Yes	🗌 No	N/A
5.	Is exhaust duct monitoring data on perc concentrations maintained?		Yes	🗌 No	N/A
6.	Is a startup/shutdown/malfunction plan maintained for each machine?	$\boxtimes$	Yes	🗌 No	
7.	Are deviation reports maintained?		Yes	🗌 No	N/A
	a) Problem corrected?		Yes	🗌 No	N/A
8.	Is a compliance plan maintained , if applicable?		Yes	🗌 No	N/A

P	ART VI: <u>LEAK DETECTION AND REPAIRS</u> – Rule 62-213.300 FAC		(check 🗹	only one
1.	What type of leak detection equipment is used to detect leaks?		ox for each	question)
	Halogenated hydrocarbon detector PCE gas analyzer None used			
2.	Is the halogenated hydrocarbon detector or PCE gas analyzer operated according to			
	the manufacturer's instructions (manual was available and RO could demonstrate			
	procedure) ? 🖂	Yes	🗌 No	
3.	For major sources is the halogenated hydrocarbon detector or PCE gas analyzer			
	operated according to EPA Method 21 ?	Yes	🗌 No	N/A
4.	Is the vapor leak inspection conducted by placing the probe inlet at the surface of			
	each component interface where leakage could occur and moving it slowly along			
	the interface periphery?	Yes	🗌 No	
5.	Is the PCE gas analyzer a flame ionization detector, photo ionization detector, or			
	infrared analyzer capable of detecting vapor concentrations of PCE of 25 parts per			
	million by volume (based on documented specifications) ?	Yes	🗌 No	N/A
6.	Is the halogenated hydrocarbon detector capable of detecting vapor concentrations			
	of PCE of 25 parts per million by volume (based on documented specifications) and			
	indicating a concentration of 25 parts per million by volume or greater by emitting			
	an audible or visual signal that varies as the concentration changes? $\hfill \hfill $	Yes	🗌 No	N/A
7.	Are the following dry cleaning system components inspected weekly for perceptible leaks (sight, sn	nell or	touch) whi	le the
	system is in operation (§63.322(k))?			
	(Inspection with a halogenated hydrocarbon detector or PCE gas analyzer also fulfills the requirement for insp	pection	of perceptib	ele leaks)
	b) Door gaskets and seating 🛛 Yes 🗌 No 🔲 N/A h) Stills 🖾 Y		□ No □ No □ No □ No □ No	<ul> <li>N/A</li> <li>N/A</li> <li>N/A</li> <li>N/A</li> <li>N/A</li> <li>N/A</li> </ul>
8.	Are the following dry cleaning system components inspected monthly for vapor leaks using a halog	enated	hydrocarb	on detector
	or PCE gas analyzer while the system is in operation? (Any inspection conducted according to this parag	graph sh	hall satisfy th	he
	requirements to conduct an inspection for perceptible leaks under $(3.322(k) \text{ or } (1))$			
	b) Door gaskets and seating       Xes       No       N/A       N)       Stills         c) Filter gaskets and seating       Xes       No       N/A       i)       Exhaust dampers	Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes	<ul> <li>□ No</li> <li>□ No</li> <li>□ No</li> <li>□ No</li> <li>□ No</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>N/A</li> <li>N/A</li> <li>N/A</li> <li>N/A</li> <li>N/A</li> </ul>

PART VI: LEAK DETECTION AND REPAIRS – Rule 62	2-213.300 FAC (continued)						
<ul> <li>9. What evidence suggests that leak checks are performed as required?</li> <li>Leak log documentation RO Assurances On-site observation other</li> <li>Explain other :</li> </ul>							
MARUFUL MALIK	8/30/2010						
Inspector's Name (Please Print)	Date of Inspection						
	8/30/2011						
Inspector's Signature	Approximate Date of Next Inspection						
COMMENTS. On August 20, 2010 I visited this facility to	a conduct the engul compliance increation. On site I may	. I. 1. D. 1					

**COMMENTS:** On August 30, 2010 I visited this facility to conduct the annual compliance inspection. On site I met Jack Riobe, the manager of the facility. No leaks were detected in the dry cleaning machine. Perc purchase receipts and yearly perc consumption records were available. Halogen leak detector was in working condition.